



QUIZ 14-1

Early Japan

Directions: Matching Match each item in Column A with its description in Column B. Write the correct letters in the blanks. (10 points each)

Column A

- A. animism
- B. clan
- C. Jimmu
- D. constitution
- E. shrine

Column B

- _____ 1. Yamato leader who took the title "emperor of heaven"
- _____ 2. a holy place
- _____ 3. the belief that all things have a spirit
- _____ 4. a group of families related by blood or marriage
- _____ 5. a plan of government

Directions: Multiple Choice In the blank at the left, write the letter of the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question. (10 points each)

- _____ 6. Honshu, Shikoku, Kyushu, and _____ are the four largest Japanese islands.
 - A. Hokkaido
 - B. Tokyo
 - C. Kamakura
 - D. Kyoto
- _____ 7. The Yayoi, ancestors of the Japanese, buried their chiefs in kofun, or
 - A. ceremonial boats.
 - B. sacred coffins.
 - C. large mounds of dirt.
 - D. ziggurats.
- _____ 8. Which group of early settlers made pottery and lived from fishing?
 - A. the Yayoi
 - B. the Koreans
 - C. the Yamoto
 - D. the Jomon
- _____ 9. Prince Shotoku looked to this country as an example of successful government.
 - A. China
 - B. Korea
 - C. Italy
 - D. Egypt
- _____ 10. Early beliefs developed into the religion of Shinto, which means
 - A. "the right way."
 - B. "the honorable way."
 - C. "way of the spirits."
 - D. "good harvest."



QUIZ 14-2

Shoguns and Samurai

Directions: Matching Match each item in Column A with its description in Column B. Write the correct letters in the blanks. (10 points each)

Column A

- A. daimyo
- B. feudalism
- C. vassal
- D. shogun
- E. samurai

Column B

- _____ 1. a warrior who pledged loyalty to a powerful military lord
- _____ 2. a powerful military lord
- _____ 3. commander of all the emperor's military forces
- _____ 4. "one who serves"
- _____ 5. the bond of loyalty between a lord and a vassal

Directions: Multiple Choice In the blank at the left, write the letter of the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question. (10 points each)

- _____ 6. During the Nara period, the emperor's power came from his control of the land and its
 - A. people.
 - B. warriors.
 - C. crops.
 - D. nobles.
- _____ 7. Around A.D. 500, the _____ religion came to Japan from Korea.
 - A. Islam
 - B. Christian
 - C. Shinto
 - D. Buddhist
- _____ 8. In 1192, the newly appointed _____ created two governments in Japan.
 - A. kamikaze
 - B. shogun
 - C. vassal
 - D. daimyo
- _____ 9. When the Mongols attacked the Kamakura shogunate in the 1200s, a(n) _____ helped the Japanese to defeat them.
 - A. monsoon
 - B. typhoon
 - C. volcano
 - D. earthquake
- _____ 10. Young samurai studied martial arts, astronomy, and
 - A. math.
 - B. music.
 - C. bravery.
 - D. loyalty.

Score

QUIZ 14-3

Life in Medieval Japan

Directions: Matching Match each item in Column A with its description in Column B. Write the correct letters in the blanks. (10 points each)

Column A

- A. guild
- B. sect
- C. martial arts
- D. tanka
- E. meditation

Column B

- _____ 1. a five-lined unrhymed poem about nature
- _____ 2. a smaller religious group
- _____ 3. helps people to relax and find inner peace
- _____ 4. group formed to protect artisans and increase their profits
- _____ 5. sports that involve combat and self-defense

Directions: Multiple Choice In the blank at the left, write the letter of the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question. (10 points each)

- _____ 6. Followers of Zen Buddhism control their bodies through
 - A. faith.
 - B. poetry.
 - C. meditation.
 - D. martial arts.
- _____ 7. The art of Japan reveals the Japanese love of beauty and
 - A. poetry.
 - B. simplicity.
 - C. art.
 - D. nature.
- _____ 8. Lady Murasaki Shikibu wrote _____, a book about a Japanese prince.
 - A. *The Tale of Genji*
 - B. *The Tale of Heike*
 - C. *A Shogun Tale*
 - D. *Samurai Warrior*
- _____ 9. Japan's wealth came from its farmers, artisans, and increased
 - A. literature.
 - B. shipping.
 - C. trade.
 - D. taxes.
- _____ 10. Under Prince Shotoku, upper-class women enjoyed many freedoms, but when Japan became a _____ society, those freedoms were lost.
 - A. agricultural
 - B. cultural
 - C. religious
 - D. warrior